### Kindergarten Writing Lesson #1 with Narrative Prompt

Title: Summertime

Grade: Kindergarten

Core Standards: LA Standard 8–Students write daily to communicate effectively

for a variety of purposes and audiences.

Science Standard III Obj. 1-Investigate changes in the

seasons.

**Objective/Purpose:** Students will write to describe a summer activity.

**Time Required:** Two 30-minute lessons

**Teacher Materials:** Picture book about the seasons

Bag with summer objects (swimsuit, sunglasses, sprinkler

head, sunblock, toy car, etc.)

Student Materials: Writing paper

Pencil

What to Do:

#### Session 1

- 1. Read a book about the seasons (for example: Caps, Hats, Socks; Mittens; Changing Seasons; or The Apple Pie Tree).
- 2. Discuss what summer is like and how it is different from other seasons.

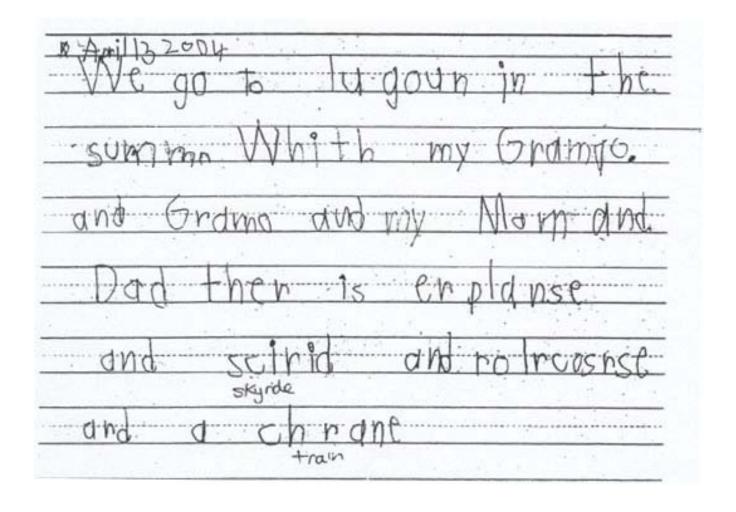
#### Session 2

- 1. Have a bag with summer-related items inside (sunglasses, a swimming suit, a sprinkler head, etc.). Have students take turns taking out one item at a time. Discuss how each item might be used in the summer.
- 2. Read the prompt. Allow students sufficient time to write.

**Writing Prompt:** Write to tell about one of your favorite things to do in the summer.

## Student Paper #1 (Kindergarten Student)

Title: "Summertime"



## Student Paper #1 (Kindergarten Student)

### Commentary (Exemplary Example)

Title: "Summertime"

#### **IDEAS AND CONTENT:**

- The writing contains sentences that embellish and expand.
- Student includes a topic and several details.
- The writing shows clarity and focus.

#### ORGANIZATION:

- The writing is balanced on the page.
- Ideas are grouped together.

#### VOICE:

 The writing shows personality through the choice of activities the student chooses to write about.

#### **WORD CHOICE:**

• The writer "stretches" to use new and precise words: *train, roller coaster, sky ride, airplanes, grandma, grandpa, Lagoon.* 

#### **SENTENCE FLUENCY:**

The writer experiments with longer sentences by stringing words together.

- All high frequency words are spelled correctly.
- Student correctly capitalizes names and the beginning word in a sentence.
- Some words are spelled phonetically but are easily read.

#### WHAT TO DO NEXT WITH THIS STUDENT:

- Model punctuation and capitalization through interactive writing.
  Encourage student to expand ideas to make the story more interesting.
  Encourage the use of a story title.

# Student Paper #2 (Kindergarten Student)

Title: "Summertime"

- OT-THE-WOT-FP-D-K
I-Wil-P-1-7-0NSUNS-creen
OA

### Student Paper #2 (Kindergarten Student)

### Commentary (Average Example)

Title: "Summertime"

#### **IDEAS AND CONTENT:**

- The paper includes two sentences that expand on the topic.
- The writing shows clarity and focus on the topic.

#### **ORGANIZATION:**

- The writing is balanced on the page.
- There is evidence of revision. The student erased "go" and wrote "put" and changed "city" to "water."

#### **VOICE:**

Shows emerging personality in writing.

#### WORD CHOICE:

• The student "stretches" to use new/precise words, such as *sun screen, park, swimming,* and *water*.

#### **SENTENCE FLUENCY:**

• The student uses more complex sentence structures, rather than just repeating, "I like."

- High frequency words are spelled correctly.
- The punctuation is correct.
- The student capitalizes "I."
- Some words are spelled phonetically but are readable (*pork* for *park*, *wont* for won't).

• The paper shows directionality, and the writer spaces between words.

#### WHAT TO DO NEXT WITH THIS STUDENT:

- Model capitalization and the proper use of lines through interactive writing. Encourage the child to reread the final piece for clarity.

### Kindergarten Writing Lesson #2 with Descriptive Prompt

Title: All About Me

Grade: Kindergarten

**Core Standards:** LA Standard 8–Students write daily to communicate effectively

for a variety of purposes and audiences.

**Objective/Purpose:** Students will write to describe something about themselves.

Time Required: 45 minutes

**Teacher Materials:** Mirrors

Chart paper

Water-based markers

Student Materials: Writing paper

Pencil

Drawing paper

Crayons

#### What To Do:

#### Session 1

- 1. Hold a mirror up to your face and describe yourself to the students. As you describe yourself, draw a picture of what you see on a piece of chart paper.
- 2. Distribute mirrors to students and have them look at themselves and describe what they see.
- 3. Have the students draw pictures of themselves, reminding them to include the details they saw and described.

#### Session 2

- Review the previous session. Using the picture you drew of yourself, model write a description of yourself (for example: "I have red hair. My eyes are green. I have a nice smile").
- 2. Read the prompt. Distribute the self-portraits and writing paper to the students. Allow students sufficient time to complete the writing task.

**Writing Prompt:** Write to tell me what you look like.

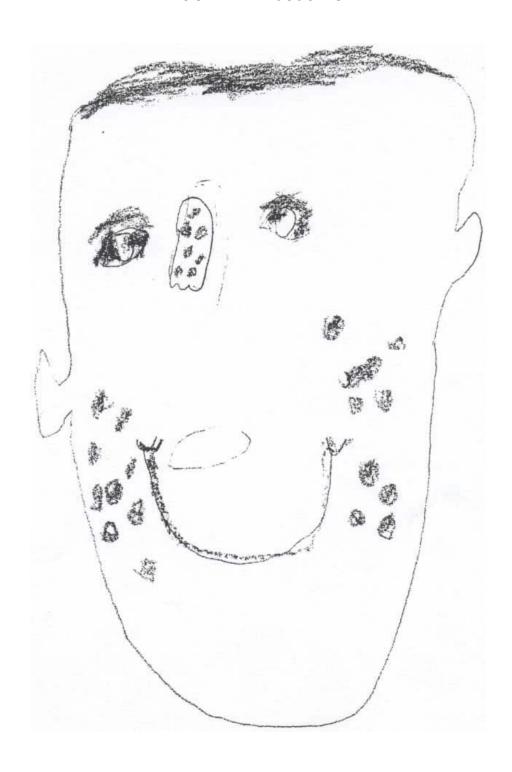
### Student Paper #1 (Kindergarten Student)

Title: "All About Me"

4-1b-04
I am a Amaroch. I have frects. I have
blue eys. I have brown that and
my frects are on my nose and
checs. I have a corron my hose.

# Illustration for Student Paper #1 (Kindergarten Student)

Title: "All About Me"



### Student Paper #1 (Kindergarten Student)

### Commentary (Exemplary Example)

Title: "All About Me"

#### **IDEAS AND CONTENT:**

- The writer attends to details such as, "Freckles are on my nose and cheeks."
- The writer notices little things that others might not notice: "I have a scar on my nose."
- The writer includes seven physical features on his face.

#### **ORGANIZATION:**

The paper shows excellent correlation between the text and student drawing.

#### VOICE:

 The student writes some unusual sentences: "I am an American." "I have a scar on my nose."

#### WORD CHOICE:

• The writer "stretches" to use new and precise words: *American*, *freckles*, *scar*, *cheeks*.

#### SENTENCE FLUENCY:

- The writer demonstrates the use of more complex sentences: "I have brown hair and I have freckles on my nose and cheeks."
- The student uses long and short sentences.

- All high frequency words are spelled correctly.
- Some words are spelled phonetically but are readable: *Amaracn, checs, frecls.*

### Student Paper #2 (Kindergarten Student)

Title: "All About Me"



## Student Paper #2 (Kindergarten Student)

### Commentary (Average Example)

Title: "All About Me"

#### **IDEAS AND CONTENT:**

- The writer pays attention to some details: "curly long hair"; eyelashes and earrings in the student drawing.
- The writing includes two physical features from the picture of her face.

#### **ORGANIZATION:**

- The student text and picture match.
- There is balance on the page between the drawing and the writing.

#### VOICE:

- One unusual detail and bit of sparkle: "I have curly long hair."
- The drawing shows emotion and personality: curly hair, eyelashes, earring, smile, nose, and there is a border around the drawing and text.

#### WORD CHOICE:

• The student "stretches" to use new/precise words, such as "curly long hair."

#### **SENTENCE FLUENCY:**

- Both sentences contain a subject and verb.
- One sentence is long, the other short.

- Some high frequency words are spelled correctly.
- The writer spaces between words.
- There is left-to-right orientation.
- The student writes on the lines.

- The student capitalizes "I."
- The spelling is readable.

#### WHAT TO DO NEXT WITH THIS CHILD:

- Provide the child with more lines for writing to encourage the child to extend more
- Through interactive writing, model more complex sentence structures.
- Encourage the use of resources such as the "word wall" and shared readings.